

# Evidence of Performance

Of the physical attributes of the edge seals  
of insulating glass units according to DIN EN 1279-4



Test Report 17-002666-PR02  
(PB-H01-09-en-02)

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China

Product Sealant for use in the edge seals of insulating glass units  
System designation 2K-Polysulfide, MF840, made by original client (desposited at ift)  
Order Test according to DIN EN 1279-4

**Basis**  
DIN EN 1279-4 : 2002-10;  
Glass in building – Insulating  
glass units;  
Part 4: Methods of test for the  
physical attributes of edge  
seals.  
Chapter: 5.1 Adhesion  
Chapter: 5.2 Moisture vapour  
transmission rate  
Chapter: 5.3 Gas permeation  
rate

Replaced Test Report  
No. 17-002666-PR02 (PB-H01-  
09-en-01) dated 23.10.2017

**Instructions for use**  
This test report serves to  
demonstrate the physical  
attributes of edge seals of  
insulating glass units.  
It serves as a basis for  
substitution of sealants used  
in insulating glass units.  
according to EN 1279-1.

**Validity**  
The data and results given  
relate solely to the tested and  
described specimen.

**Notes on publication**  
The ift-Guidance Sheet  
'Conditions and Guidance for  
the Use of ift Test Documents'  
applies.  
The cover sheet can be used  
as an abstract.

**Contents**  
The test report comprises a  
total of 11 pages.

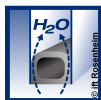
- 1 Object
- 2 Procedure
- 3 Detailed results
- 4 Summary

The sealant based on  
2K-Polysulfide, MF840, made by original client (desposited at ift)  
displays the following properties according to DIN EN 1279-4:



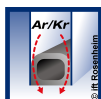
## 5.1 Adhesion

The requirements of DIN EN  
1279-4, chapter 5.1, stress-strain  
behaviour, are fulfilled



## 5.2 Moisture vapour transmission rate

$MVTR = (11.0 \pm 0.2) \frac{\text{Gramm H}_2\text{O}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot 24\text{h} \cdot 2 \text{ mm}}$



## 5.3 Gas permeation rate

$(6.63 \pm 0.61) \times 10^{-3} \text{ g}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ h})$

ift Rosenheim  
27.11.2017

Michael Freinberger, Dipl.-Ing. (FH)  
Prüfstellenleiter  
Materialprüfung

Miriam Keill, B.Eng.  
Prüfingenieur  
Materialprüfung

## 1 Object

### 1.1 Test specimen for the adhesion test

Subject	H-specimen consisting of float glass and sealant (Fig. 1)
Manufacturer	original client (desposited at ift)
Substrates A and B	Floatglas according to DIN EN 572-2
Dimensions (l x w x h) in mm	75 x 12 x 6
Sealant	
Product designation	2K-Polysulfide, MF840, made by original client (desposited at ift)
Type	2K- Polysulfide-based
Manufacturer	original client (desposited at ift)
Colour	black
Dimensions (l x w x h) in mm	50 x 12 x 12

Measures in Millimeter

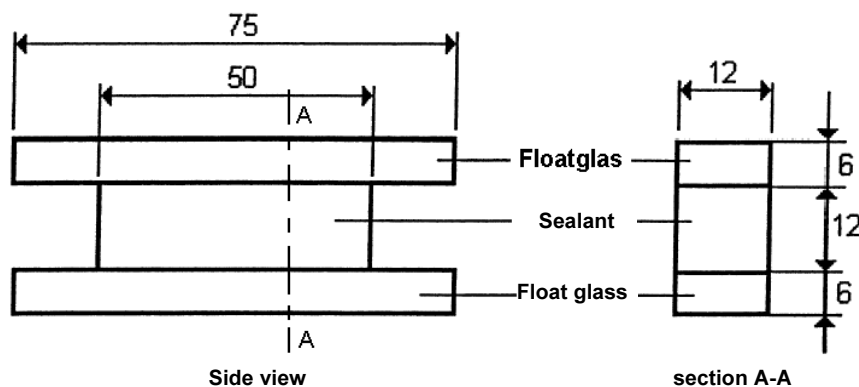


Fig. 1 Geometry of the test specimens

### 1.2 Test specimen for testing the moisture vapour transmission rate

Films as described in DIN EN 1279-4

Thickness	Film 1	d = 2.1 mm
	Film 2	d = 2.1 mm
	Film 3	d = 2.2 mm

Surface diameter 20 cm.

### 1.3 Test specimens for testing the gas permeation rate

Films as described in DIN EN 1279-4, colour grey

Thickness	Film 1	d = 2.2 mm
	Film 2	d = 1.9 mm
	Film 3	d = 2.1 mm

Surface diameter 20 cm.

The description is based on inspection of the test specimen at ift.

Item designations/numbers as well as material specifications were given by the original client (desposited at ift).

## 2 Procedure

### 2.1 Sampling

The samples were selected and produced by the original client (deposited at ift).

#### 2.1.1 Test specimen for the adhesion test

Quantity	40 pieces as shown in Fig. 1
Delivered	April 11, 2007
Registration No.	21745

#### 2.1.2 Test specimen for testing the moisture vapour transmission rate (MVTR)

Quantity	10 films
Delivered	April 11, 2007
Registration No.	21745

#### 2.1.3 Test specimen for testing the gas permeation rate

Quantity	10 films
Delivered	April 11, 2007
Registration No.	21745

### 2.2 Process

#### Basis

DIN EN 1279-4 : 2002-10	Glass in building – Insulating glass units. Methods of test for the physical attributes of edge seals. Chapter 5.1 Adhesion Chapter 5.2 Moisture vapour transmission rate Chapter 5.3 Gas permeation test on film
Boundary conditions	According to the requirements of the standard
Deviations	There have been no deviations from the test method and test conditions.

## 2.3 Test equipment

### 2.3.1 Adhesion

Normal climate chamber	Appliance number: 22040
Airflow oven	Appliance number: 22159
UV source (Osram Vitalux)	Appliance number: 22604
Heatable water bath	Appliance number: 22509
Material testing machine acc. to DIN EN ISO 7500-1	Appliance number: 22933

### 2.3.2 Moisture vapour transmission rate

Normal climate chamber	Appliance number: 22040
Precision balance	Appliance number: 22431
Test chamber with hygrostat	Appliance number: 22589
moisture sensor	Appliance number: 22562

### 2.3.3 Gas permeation rate on film

Normal climate chamber	Appliance number: 22040
Gasleakage measurement device with gas chromatograph	Appliance number: 22503

## 2.4 Testing

Date/Period	May 07 until December 15, 2007
Testing personnel	Irina Hausstetter, Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Thomas Eder Robert Happach Katharina Simon

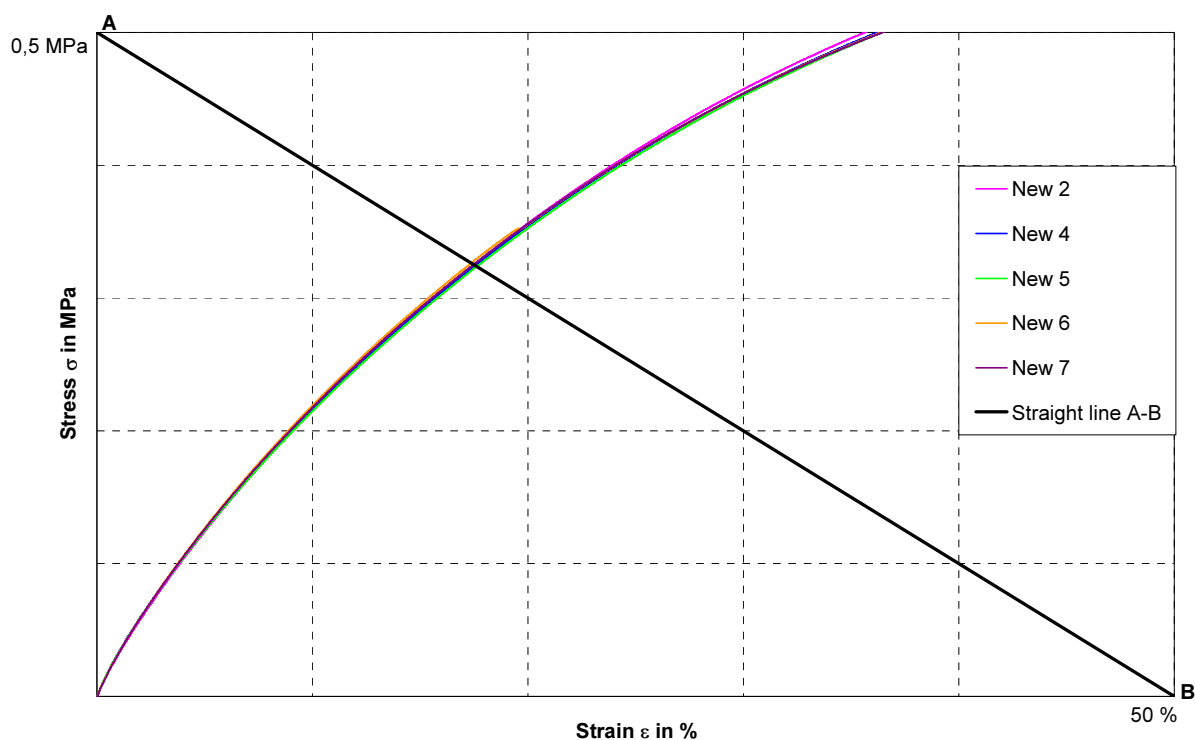
### 3 Detailed results

#### 3.1 Adhesion test according to DIN EN 1279-4, Chapter 5.1

Tables 1 to 4 show the results of adhesive tensile strength tests following appropriate conditioning of the test specimens. Figs. 2 to 5 show the stress-strain diagrams for new condition and for the effects of the various types of exposure, with the triangle AOB shown in each case.

**Table 1** Tensile strength test in new condition following curing

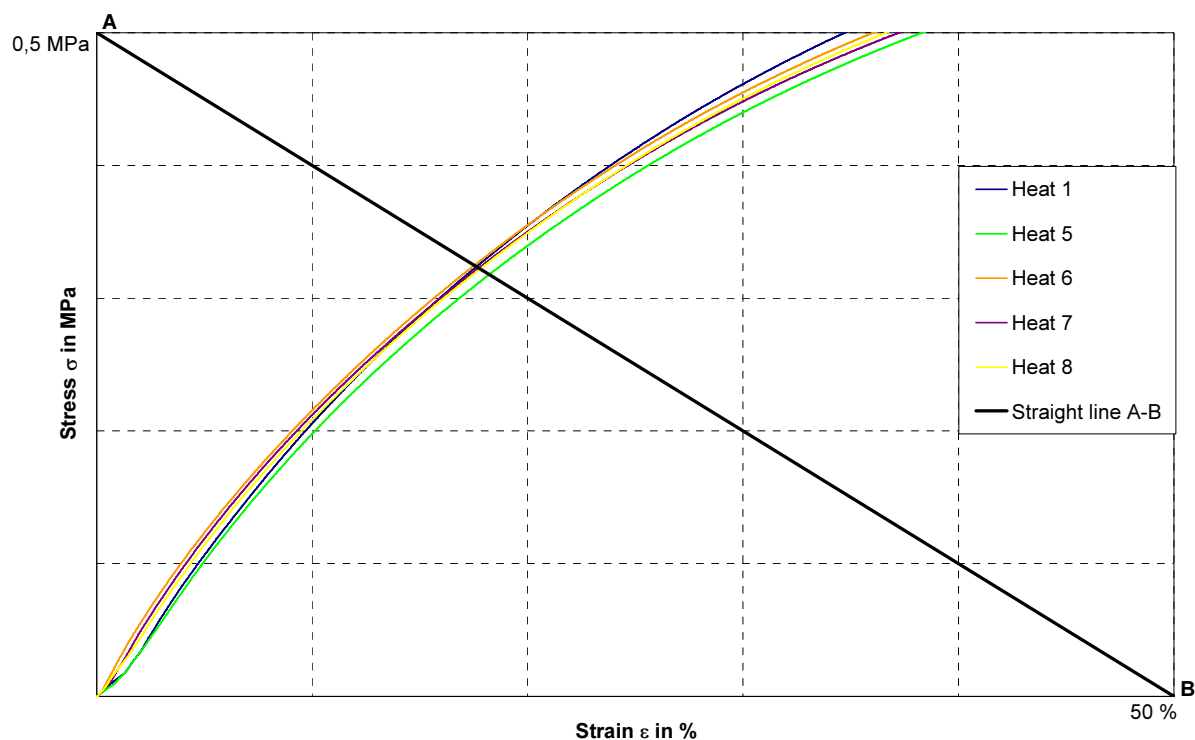
Test specimen number	Force $F_{max}$ in N	Displacements at $F_{max}$ in mm	Stress in MPa	Strain in %	Intersection with section AB	
					Stress in MPa	Strain in %
New 2	417	17.4	0.70	145	0.33	17
New 4	392	10.0	0.65	83	0.32	18
New 5	397	11.0	0.66	90	0.32	18
New 6	387	11.4	0.65	95	0.33	17
New 7	402	14.2	0.67	118	0.33	17
Average					0.33	17



**Fig. 2** Stress-strain diagram of test specimen in new condition following curing

**Table 2** Tensile strength test following heat exposure 60 °C / 168 h

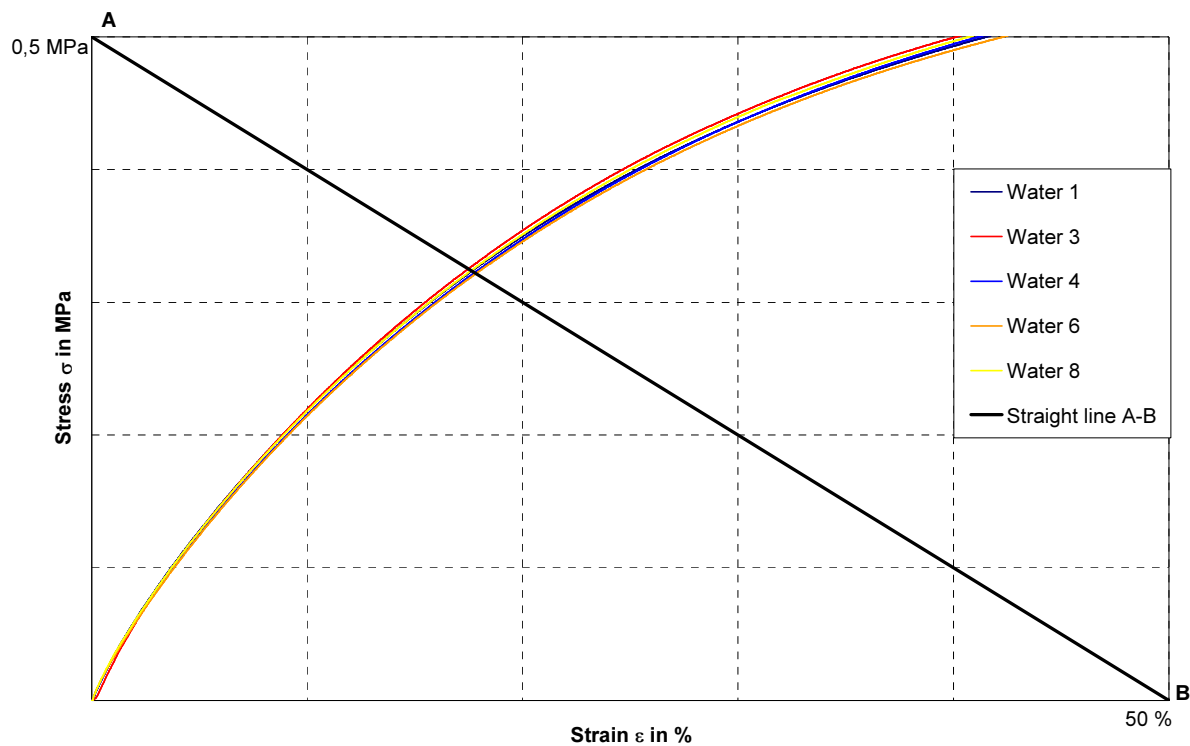
Test specimen number	Force $F_{max}$ in N	Displacement $s$ at $F_{max}$ in mm	Stress in MPa	Strain in %	Intersection with section AB	
					Stress in MPa	Strain in %
Heat 1	423	16.3	0.70	136	0.32	18
Heat 5	468	18.9	0.78	157	0.32	18
Heat 6	427	16.5	0.71	138	0.32	18
Heat 7	467	18.0	0.78	150	0.32	18
Heat 8	443	14.6	0.74	122	0.32	18
Average					0.32	18



**Fig. 3** Stress-strain diagram of test specimen following heat exposure

**Table 3** Tensile strength test following water immersion

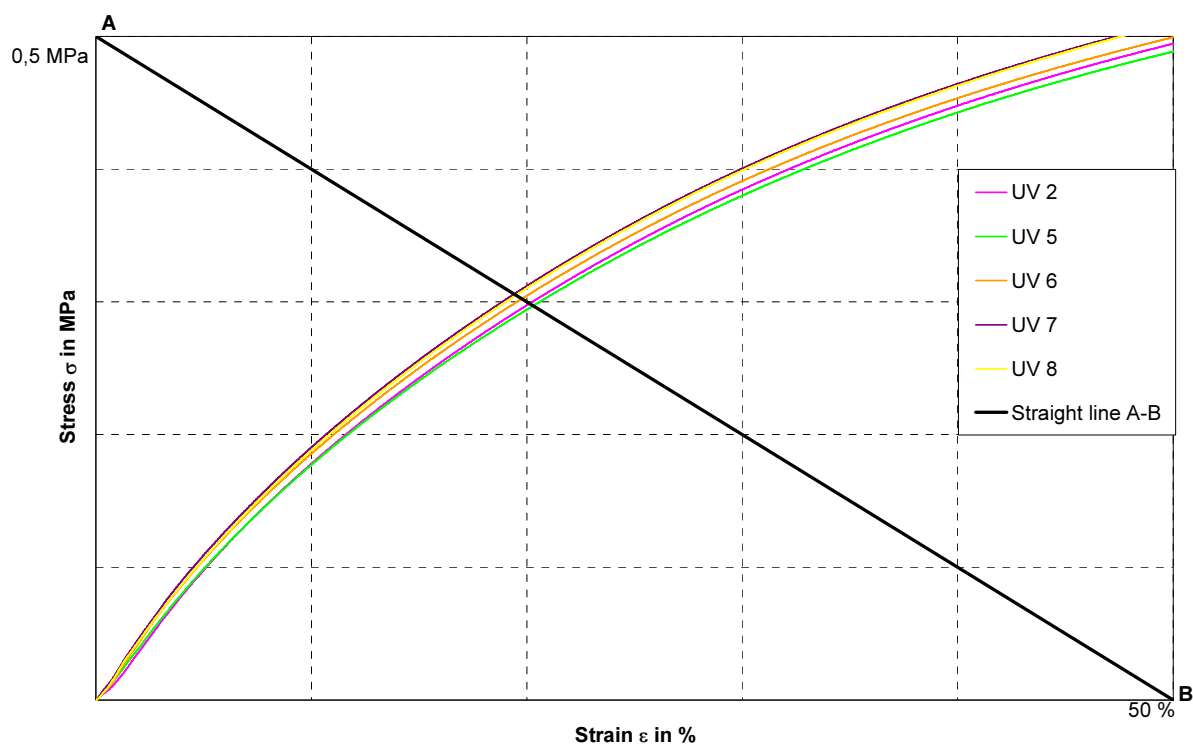
Test specimen number	Force $F_{max}$ in N	Displacement $s$ at $F_{max}$ in mm	Stress in MPa	Strain in %	Intersection with section AB	
					Stress in MPa	Strain in %
Water 1	437	16.9	0.73	140	0.32	18
Water 3	350	9.2	0.58	76	0.33	17
Water 4	408	15.6	0.68	130	0.32	18
Water 6	344	8.8	0.57	74	0.32	18
Water 8	375	11.8	0.63	98	0.32	18
Average					0,32	18



**Fig. 4** Stress-strain diagram of test specimen following water immersion

**Table 4** Tensile strength test following UV exposure

Test specimen number	Force $F_{max}$ in N	Displacement $s$ at $F_{max}$ in mm	Stress in MPa	Strain in %	Intersection with section AB	
					Stress in MPa	Strain in %
UV 2	462	18.7	0.77	156	0.30	20
UV 5	487	19.5	0.81	162	0.30	20
UV 6	481	19.2	0.80	160	0.30	20
UV 7	507	20.5	0.84	170	0.31	19
UV 8	472	20.9	0.79	174	0.30	20
Average					0.30	20



**Fig. 5** Stress-strain diagram of test specimen following UV exposure



### 3.2 Moisture vapour transmission rate test according to DIN EN 1279-4. Chapter 5.2

Table 5 shows the moisture vapour transmission rate results for three test specimens. The moisture vapour transmission rate can be found from the gradient of the lines in the graph (Fig. 6).

The moisture vapour transmission rate is calculated according to the following formula:

$$MVTR = \frac{G}{tA} = \frac{G/t}{A}$$

$G$  = Mass change, grams of  $H_2O$

$t$  = Time in days (24 h)

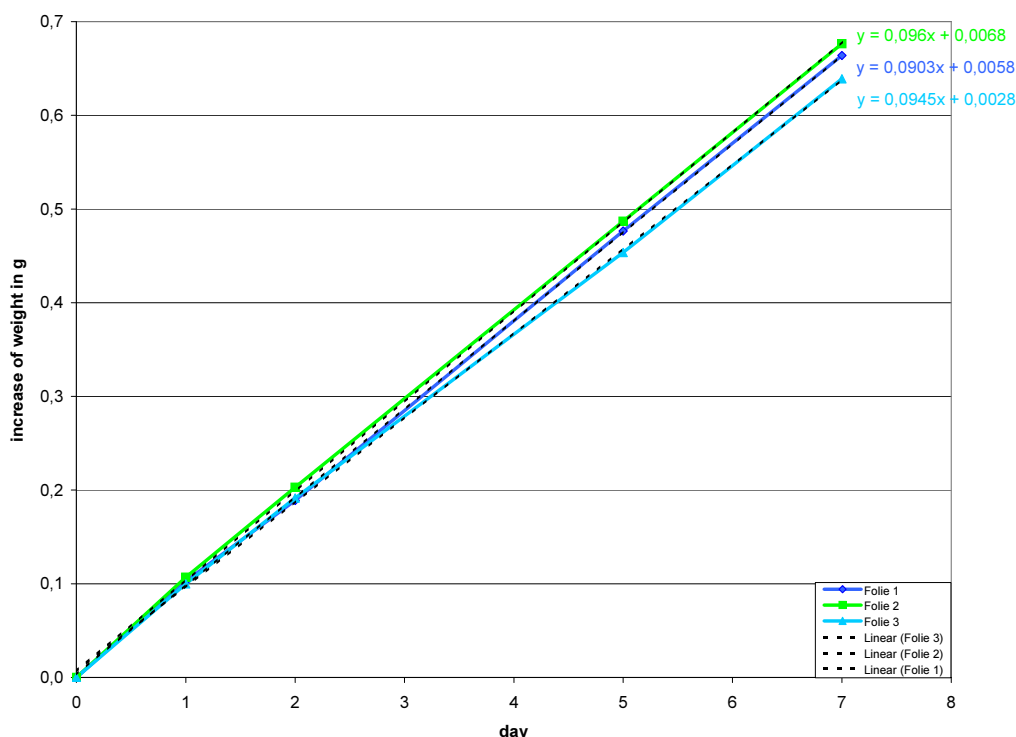
$G/t$  = Gradient of the lines, grams of  $H_2O \times (24 h)^{-1}$

$A$  = Area tested in  $m^2$

**Table 5** Testing moisture vapour transmission rate on films

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Slope of the regression line	0.0945	0.096	0.0903
Membrane thickness in mm	2.1	2.1	2.2
Tested area in $m^2$	0.008825	0.009331	0.008992
<b>MVTR <math>g_{H_2O}/(m^2 \cdot 1d \cdot 2mm)</math></b>	<b>11.244</b>	<b>10.802</b>	<b>11.046</b>
<b>MVTR (average value)</b>	<b><math>(11.0 \pm 0.2) g_{H_2O}/(m^2 \cdot 1d \cdot 2mm)</math></b>		

Error of measurement in the test procedure according to EN 1279-4, Annex C, is specified as 25 % standard deviation from the average value



**Fig. 6** Graph of the moisture vapour transmission rate of 3 test specimen

### 3.3 Gas permeation rate. test according to DIN EN 1279-4. Chapter 5.3

The gas permeation rate test was carried out on three test specimens. The testing area of the films was approx. 63 cm<sup>2</sup>. Once a constant state had been reached, the value of the average gas permeation rate for each of the films was determined on the basis of four measurements. The results are presented in table 6.

**Table 6** Gas permeation rate test on films

	Gas permeation rate in g/m <sup>2</sup> h		
	Test specimen 1	Test specimen 2	Test specimen 3
Membrane thickness in mm	2.20	1.88	2,12
Average value for the measured film	6.272 10 <sup>-3</sup>	6.307 10 <sup>-3</sup>	6.649 10 <sup>-3</sup>
Average value for film (relating to 2 mm membrane thickness )	6.899 10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.928 10 <sup>-3</sup>	7.048 10 <sup>-3</sup>
<b>Average value of gas permeation rate calculated from the 3 individual values</b>	<b>(6.63 ± 0.61) x 10<sup>-3</sup> g/(m<sup>2</sup> h)</b>		

Error of measurement in the test procedure according to EN 1279-3 is specified as 20 % standard deviation for all individual values.

## 4 Evaluation and summary according to the specifications of DIN EN 1279-4

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Sealant specification: 2K-Polysulfide, MF840, made by original client (desposited at ift)  
Glass specification: Floatglas according to DIN EN 572-2

### 4.1 Adhesion test

**Table 7** Summary of results

Tested strength of edge seal	at the intersection with line A-B (EN 1279-4. Fig. 1)		Failure pattern							
	Average stress $\sigma_{av}$ in MPa	Average strain $\varepsilon_{av}$ in %	k = kohäsiv oA = ohne Auswertung							
Adhesion			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
after curing	0.33	17	oA	k	oA	k	k	k	k	oA
after heat exposure 60 °C	0.32	18	k	oA	oA	oA	k	k	k	k
after water immersion	0.32	18	k	oA	k	k	oA	k	oA	k
after solar radiation	0.30	20	oA	k	oA	oA	k	k	k	k

### 4.2 Moisture vapour transmission rate test

Film thickness	Based on a thickness of 2 mm
$\Delta P_{H_2O}$	Initial load on desiccant 1.6 %; Climatic chamber average 94.0 %rh; $\Delta P_{H_2O} = 92.4$ %
Temperature	(23±1) °C
<b>Moisture vapour transmission rate</b>	<b>(11.0 ± 0.2)</b> $\frac{\text{Gramm H}_2\text{O}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot 24\text{h} \cdot 2\text{mm}}$

### 4.3 Gas permeation rate test

Film thickness	Based on a thickness of 2 mm
Surface	Average approx. 0,00623 m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Gas permeation rate</b>	<b>(6.63 ± 0.61)x 10<sup>-3</sup> g/(m<sup>2</sup> h)</b>

Result of the testing of the strength of the edge seal:

The sealant 2K-Polysulfide, MF840, made by original client (desposited at ift)  
, fulfils the criteria: **YES**

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